

## Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>

	CANDIDATE NUMBER		
MATHEMATICS (US) 0444/43			
Paper 4 (Extended)October/November 2020			
2 hours 30 minutes			

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

## INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, center number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary work clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For  $\pi$ , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

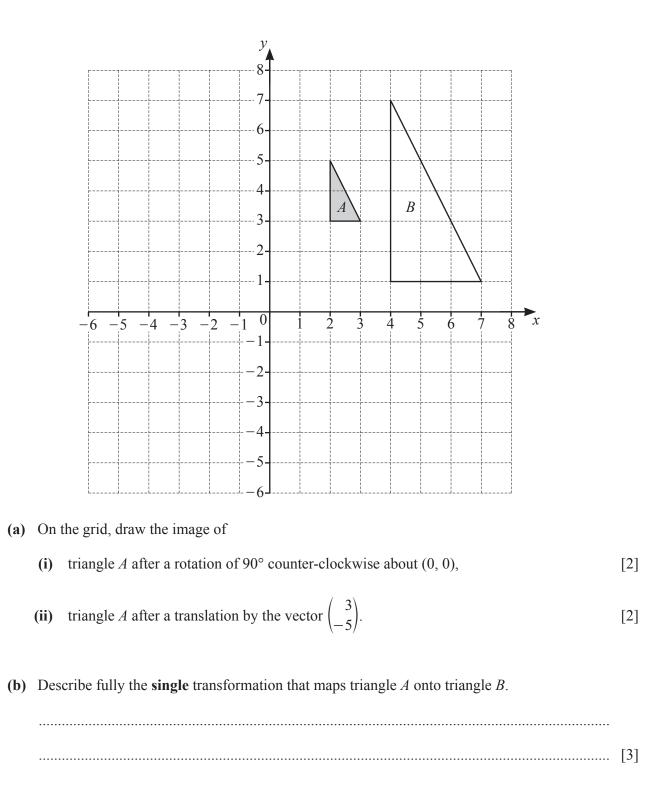
## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 130.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in parentheses [].

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## Formula List

For the equation	$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$	$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$
Lateral surface area, $A$ , of cyl	inder of radius r, height h.	$A = 2\pi rh$
Lateral surface area, $A$ , of cor	ne of radius r, sloping edge l.	$A = \pi r l$
Surface area, A, of sphere of a	radius <i>r</i> .	$A = 4\pi r^2$
Volume, <i>V</i> , of pyramid, base a	area A, height h.	$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$
Volume, <i>V</i> , of cone of radius	r, height h.	$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Volume, V, of sphere of radiu	S <i>r</i> .	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
A		$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$
c b		$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$
	$\sum_{c}$	Area $=\frac{1}{2}bc\sin A$



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- (a) The Earth has a surface area of approximately  $510100000 \text{ km}^2$ .
  - (i) Write this surface area in scientific notation.

..... km<sup>2</sup> [1]

(ii) Water covers 70.8% of the Earth's surface.

Work out the area of the Earth's surface covered by water.

..... km<sup>2</sup> [2]

(b) The table shows the surface area of some countries and their estimated population in 2017.

Country	Surface area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Estimated population in 2017		
Brunei	$5.77 \times 10^{3}$	433 100		
China	$9.60  imes 10^{6}$	1 388 000 000		
France	$6.41 \times 10^{5}$	67 000 000		
Maldives	$3.00 \times 10^{2}$	374 600		

(i) Find the total surface area of Brunei and the Maldives.

(ii) The ratio surface area of the Maldives : surface area of China can be written in the form 1 : n.

Find the value of *n*.

(iii) Find the surface area of France as a percentage of the surface area of China.

(iv) Find the population density of the Maldives. [Population density = population ÷ surface area]

.....people/km<sup>2</sup> [2]

(c) The population of the Earth in 2017 was estimated to be  $7.53 \times 10^9$ .

The population of the Earth in 2000 was estimated to be  $6.02 \times 10^9$ .

(i) Work out the percentage increase in the Earth's estimated population from 2000 to 2017.

(ii) Assume that the population of the Earth increased exponentially by y% each year for these 17 years.

Find the value of *y*.

y = ..... [3]

Morgan picks two of these letters, at random, without replacement.

- (a) Find the probability that he picks
  - (i) the letter Y first,

(ii) the letter B then the letter Y,

(iii) two letters that are the same.

.....[3]

**(b)** Morgan now picks a third letter at random.

Find the probability that

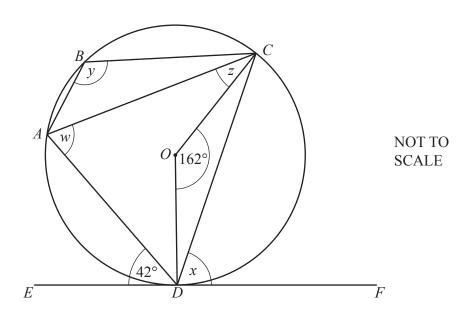
(i) all three letters are the same,

.....[2]

(ii) exactly two of the three letters are the same,

......[5]

(iii) all three letters are different.



*A*, *B*, *C* and *D* are points on the circle, center *O*. *EF* is a tangent to the circle at *D*. Angle  $ADE = 42^{\circ}$  and angle  $COD = 162^{\circ}$ .

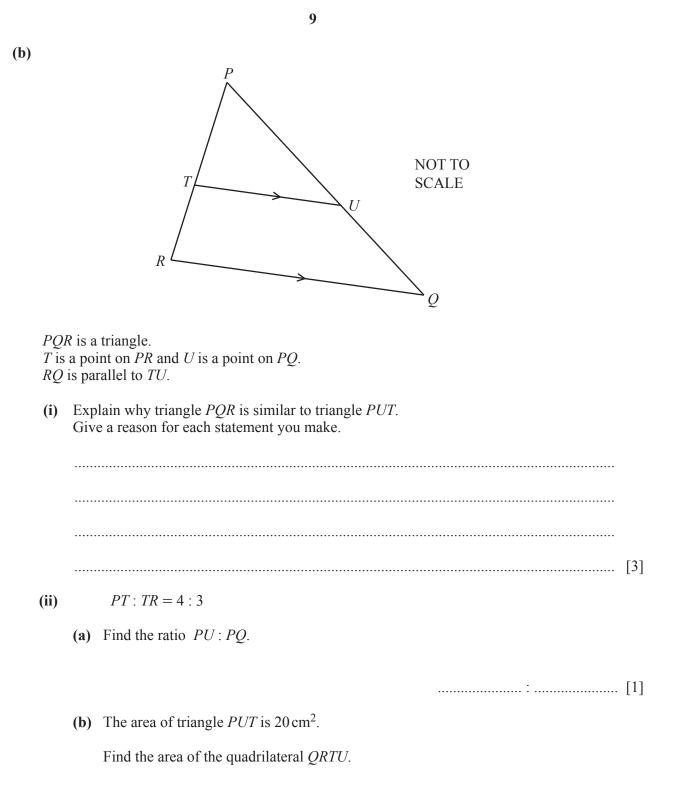
Find the values of *w*, *x*, *y*, and *z*.

 $w = \dots$   $x = \dots$   $y = \dots$   $z = \dots$ [7]

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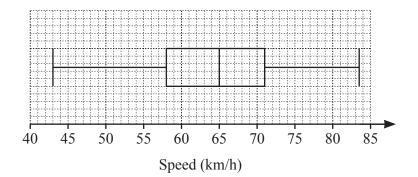
**(a)** 



..... cm<sup>2</sup> [3]

[Turn over

5 (a) The average speeds, in km/h, of cars traveling along a road are recorded. The box plot shows this information.



Find

(i) the lowest speed recorded,

..... km/h [1]

(ii) the median,

(iii) the interquartile range.

..... km/h [1]

..... km/h [1]

(b) Another car takes 18 seconds to travel 400 m along this road.

Calculate the average speed of this car in km/h.

...... km/h [3]

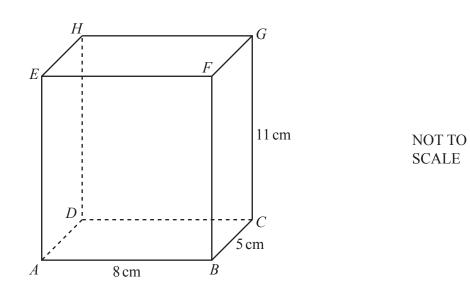
6 (a) Find the integer values that satisfy the inequality  $2 < 2x \le 10$ .

			 [2]
(b)	Fact	or.	
	(i)	$6y^2 - 15xy$	
			 [2]
	(ii)	$y^2 - 9x^2$	

(c) Simplify.

$$\frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{2}{2x+1}$$

.....[3]



ABCDEFGH is a closed hollow cuboid. AB = 8 cm, BC = 5 cm and CG = 11 cm.

(a) (i) Work out the total surface area of the cuboid.

(ii) The cuboid is made from thin metal and 1 cm<sup>2</sup> of this metal has a mass of 0.73 grams.
Work out the mass of the cuboid.

..... g [1]

- (b) Ivana has a rod of length 13 cm.
  - (i) The total mass of this rod and the cuboid is 0.3 kg.

Find the mass of the rod, giving your answer in grams.

..... g [2]

(ii) Show that the rod fits completely inside the cuboid.

(c) Calculate angle *CAB*.

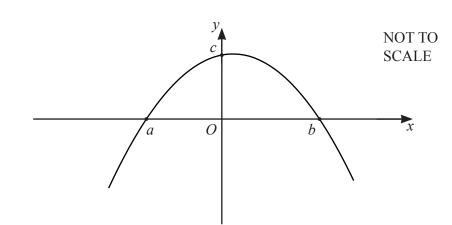
Angle  $CAB = \dots$  [2]

[4]

8 (a) (i) Factor  $24+5x-x^2$ .

(ii)

......[2]



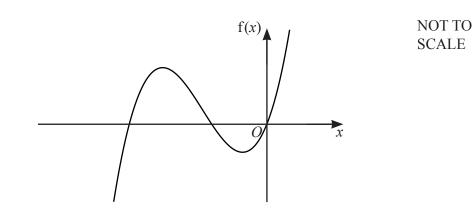
Work out the values of *a*, *b*, and *c*.

The diagram shows a sketch of  $y = 24 + 5x - x^2$ .

<i>a</i> =	
<i>b</i> =	
<i>c</i> =	[3]

(iii) The line y = 18 intersects the graph of  $y = 24 + 5x - x^2$  at *P* and *Q*. Find the length of *PQ*.

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The diagram shows a sketch of the graph of a cubic function f(x). The graph passes through the points (-5, 0), (-2, 0), (0, 0), and (1, 36).

Find f(x) in the form  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx$ .

**(b)** 

......[6]

9 (a) 
$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$
  $\overrightarrow{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$   $\overrightarrow{DC} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$ 

Find

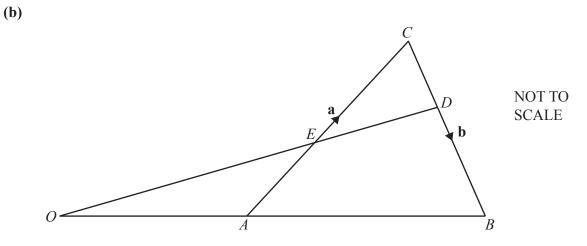
(i) 
$$\overrightarrow{AC}$$
,

 $\overrightarrow{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} & \\ & \end{pmatrix}$  [2]

 $\overrightarrow{BD} = \begin{pmatrix} & \\ & \end{pmatrix}$  [2]

(iii)  $|\overrightarrow{BC}|$ .

(ii)  $\overrightarrow{BD}$ ,



In the diagram, *OAB* and *OED* are straight lines. <u>*O*</u> is the origin, <u>*A*</u> is the midpoint of *OB* and <u>*E*</u> is the midpoint of *AC*.  $\overrightarrow{AC} = \mathbf{a}$  and  $\overrightarrow{CB} = \mathbf{b}$ .

Find, in terms of **a** and **b**, in its simplest form

(i)  $\overrightarrow{AB}$ ,

 $\overrightarrow{AB} = \dots$ [1]

(ii)  $\overrightarrow{OE}$ ,

$\longrightarrow$	
OE =	[2]
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(iii) the position vector of D.

.....[3]

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**10** f(x) = 4 - 3x  $g(x) = x^2 + x$   $h(x) = 3^x$ 

(a) Find f(h(2)).

**(b)** Find  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

 $x^{-1}(x) = \dots$ [2]

(c) Simplify.

(i) f(1-2x)

.....[2]

(ii) g(f(x)) - 9g(x)

.....[4]

$$f^{-1}(x) = \dots$$

$$(\mathbf{d}) \quad \frac{1}{\mathbf{h}(x)} = 9^{kx}$$

Find the value of *k*.

(e) j(x) = (x+1)(x+2)

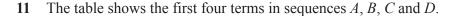
The graph of g(x) is mapped onto the graph of j(x) by a translation.

Find the column vector that represents this translation.

[2]

Question 11 is printed on the next page.

Sequence	1st term	2nd term	3rd term	4th term	5th term	<i>n</i> th term
A	4	9	14	19		
В	3	10	29	66		
С	1	4	16	64		
D	$\frac{3}{17}$	$\frac{4}{26}$	$\frac{5}{37}$	$\frac{6}{50}$		



Complete the table.

[12]

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